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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	RAMON N. LUPERCIO,	No. 1:21-cv-00935-NONE-JLT (HC)
12	Petitioner,	ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS, DISMISSING
13	v.	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS, DIRECTING THE CLERK OF
14	MACARIO MENDOZA,	COURT TO ASSIGN DISTRICT JUDGE AND CLOSE CASE, AND DECLINING TO
15	Respondent.	ISSUE CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY
16		(Doc. No. 13)
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19	Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding in propria persona with a petition for writ of	
20	habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. (Doc. No. 1.) On June 17, 2021, the assigned	
21	magistrate judge issued findings and recommendations recommending that the petition be	
22	dismissed as an unauthorized second or successive petition. (Doc. No. 13.) Specifically, the	
23	findings and recommendations note that this is petitioner's seventh petition seeking federal	
24	habeas relief with respect to the same 2003 conviction petitioner suffered in state court. ( <i>Id.</i> at 2.)	
25	These findings and recommendations were served upon all parties and contained notice that any	
26	objections thereto were to be filed within twenty-one (21) days from the date of service of that	
27	order. ( <i>Id.</i> at 3.) On June 24, 2021, petitioner filed objections to the pending findings and	
28	recommendations. (Doc. No. 17.)	
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In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), the court has conducted a *de novo* review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, including petitioner's objections, the court concludes that the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations are supported by the record and proper analysis. To proceed on a second or successive petition, petitioner was required to first obtain leave from the Ninth Circuit before proceeding. (*See* Doc. No. 13 at 3 (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)).) Here, petitioner has not sought authorization from the Ninth Circuit for any of his subsequently filed petitions including the one now pending before the court and thus, his petition must be dismissed.

In addition, the court declines to issue a certificate of appealability. A state prisoner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of his petition, and an appeal is only allowed in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335–36 (2003); 28 U.S.C. § 2253. A successive petition under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 that is disguised as a § 2241 petition required a certificate of appealability. *Harrison v. Ollison*, 519 F.3d 952, 958 (9th Cir. 2008); *Porter v. Adams*, 244 F.3d 1006, 1007 (9th Cir. 2001). If a court denies a petitioner's petition, the court may only issue a certificate of appealability when a petitioner makes a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). To make a substantial showing, the petitioner must establish that "reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were 'adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000) (quoting *Barefoot v. Estelle*, 463 U.S. 880, 893 (1983)).

In the present case, the court finds that petitioner has not made the required substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right to justify the issuance of a certificate of appealability. Reasonable jurists would not find the court's determination that petitioner is not entitled to federal habeas corpus relief debatable, wrong, or deserving of encouragement to proceed further. Thus, the court DECLINES to issue a certificate of appealability.

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## Case 1:21-cv-00935-DAD-JLT Document 19 Filed 07/30/21 Page 3 of 3 Accordingly, the court orders as follows: 1. The findings and recommendations, filed June 17, 2021 (Doc. No. 13), are ADOPTED IN FULL; 2. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is DISMISSED; 3. The Clerk of the Court is DIRECTED to assign a district judge to this case for the purpose of closing the case and then to ENTER JUDGMENT and close the case; and, The court DECLINES to issue a certificate of appealability. 4. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: **July 30, 2021**